

Plankton's Role in a Healthy Aquaponics System

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User Interface

“Where the bits meet the flesh”



VR PowerGlove



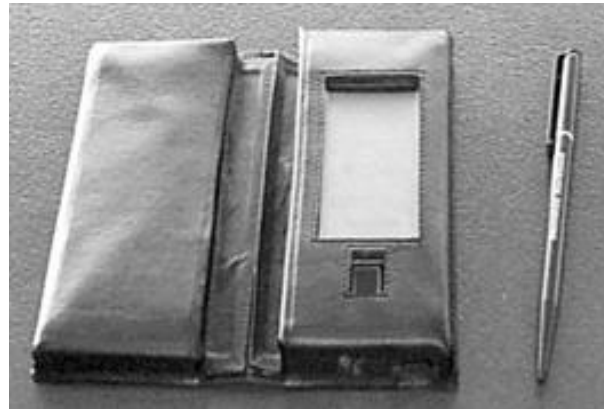
PAN



Medical Monitoring



Pen Input Devices

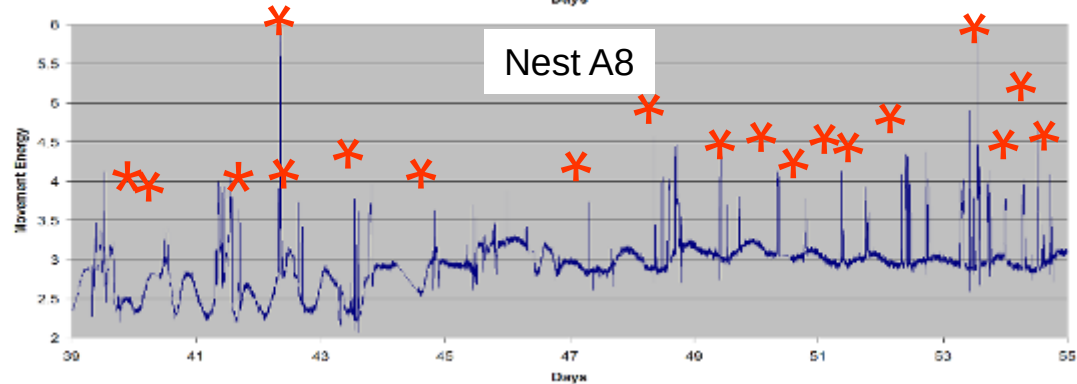
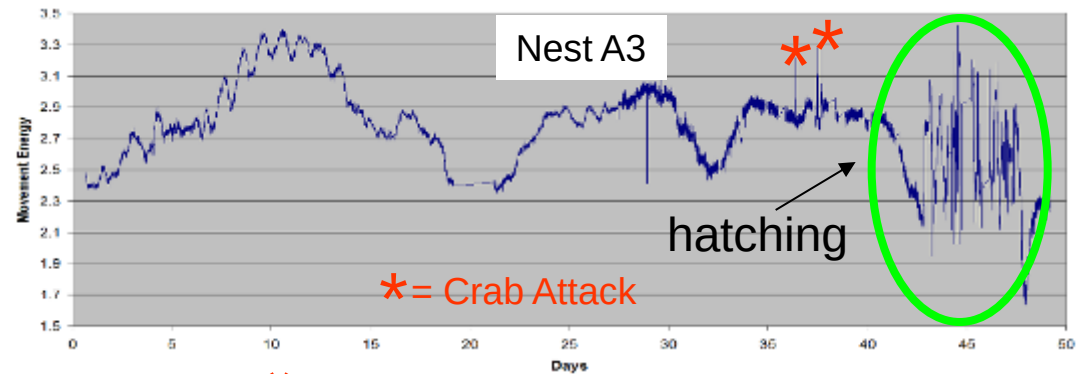
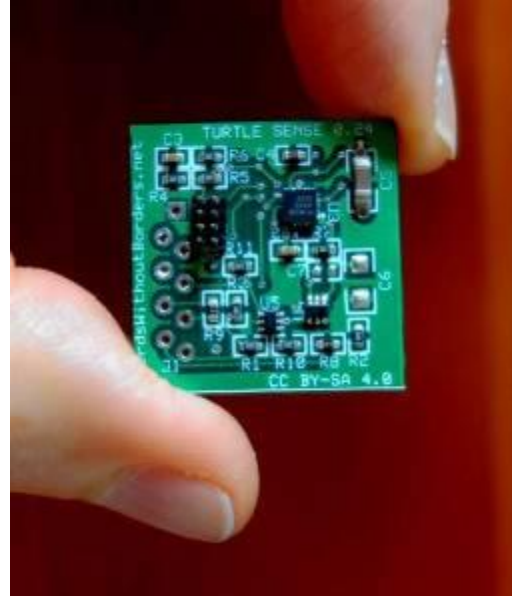


Self Check-In PDA



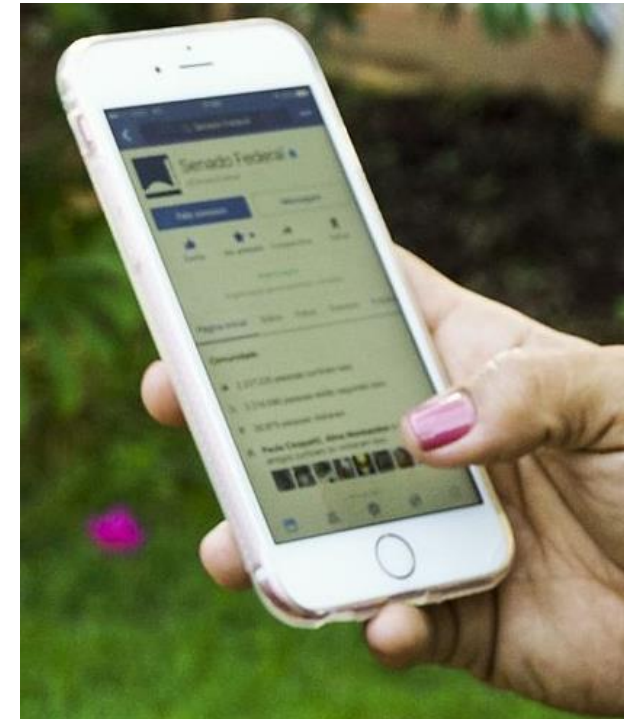
Biometric PDA

Turtle Sense



Aquaponics Monitoring System

Plankton is the canary in a coal mine; an early indicator of potential danger or failure.

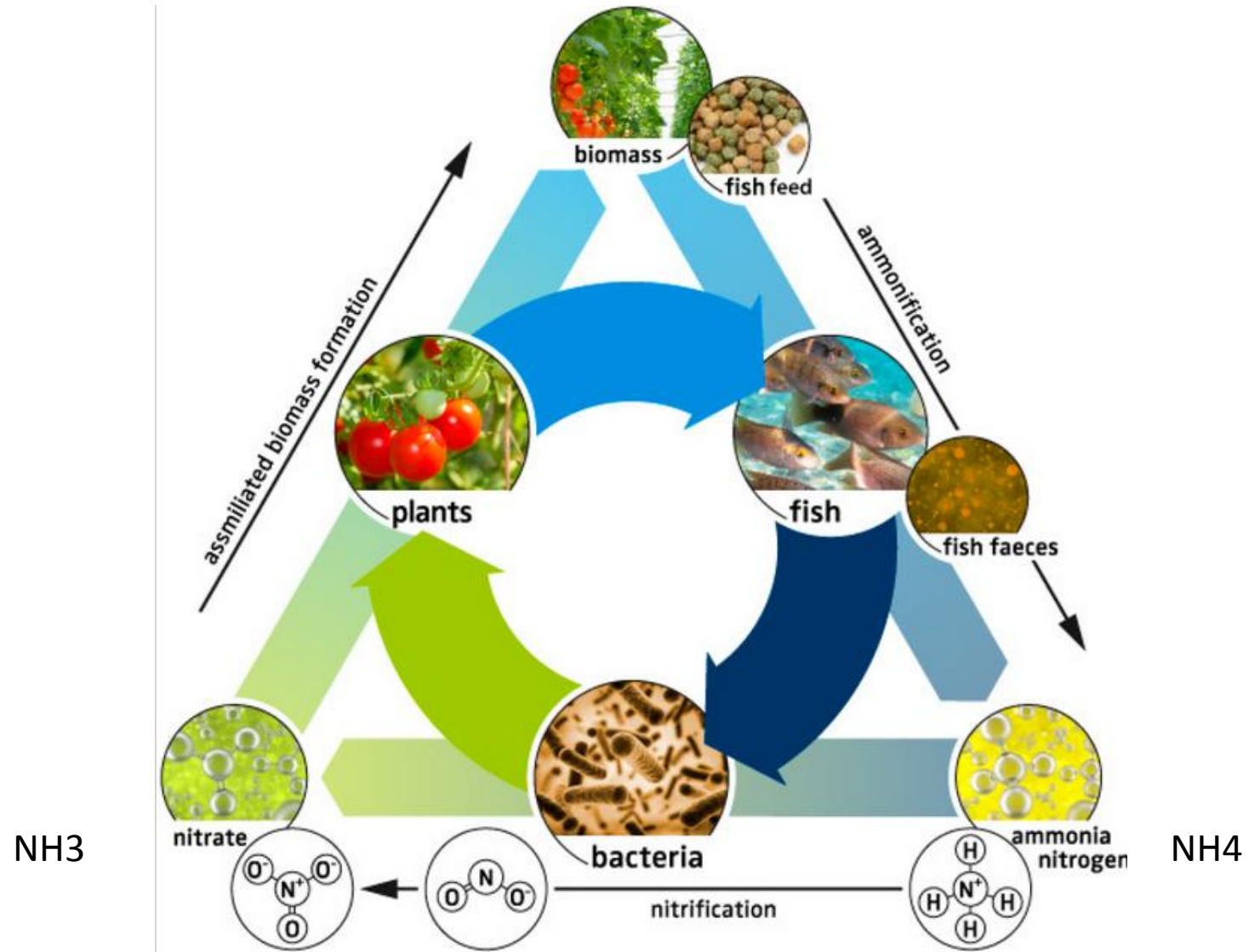


Require; Power (5 v @ 0.25 amp or AC power), WiFi

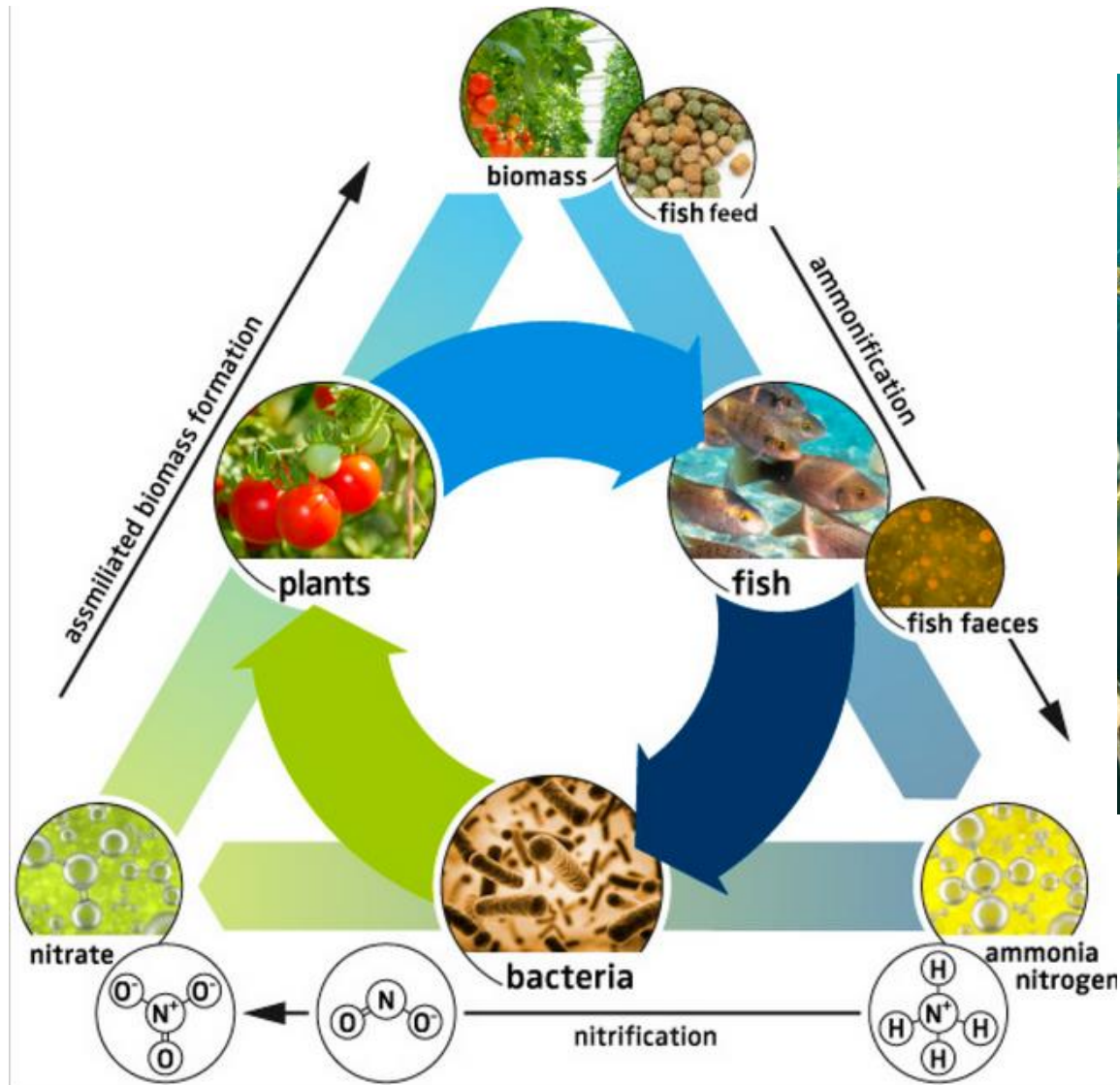
<https://aquaponics.com/store2/f5-aquaponic-systems-essentials-package/>

<https://sustainabilityactive.com/2018/03/smartphones-data-centers-harm-environment-study-shows/>

Aquaponics Food Cycle



Aquaponics Food Cycle



Plankton !



<http://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/7/4/4199/htm>

<http://blueplanetociety.org/2015/03/the-importance-of-plankton/>

TIER 0:
The Sun

TIER 1: Phytoplankton
and Plants

TIER 2: Zooplankton
and very small
insects

TIER 3:

Aquatic insects,
crustaceans, mollusks,
small fish

TIER 4:

Smaller Fishes
(small to medium
sized)

TIER 5:

Predatory Fishes

TIER 6:
Top
Predators



scuds



yellow perch



Black basses

burbot



Catfish



Walleye

Muskellunge

Northern Pike



Trout



Sturgeon



Lake Trout & very large salmon, Lg. Trouts

Plankton

(planktos, Greek for errant, wanderer or drifter)

Small and microscopic organisms drifting or floating in the sea or fresh water, consisting chiefly of diatoms, protozoans, small crustaceans, and the eggs and larval stages of larger animals.

Two Types of Plankton

=====

Phytoplankton=plant (chlorophyll)

Zooplankton=animal

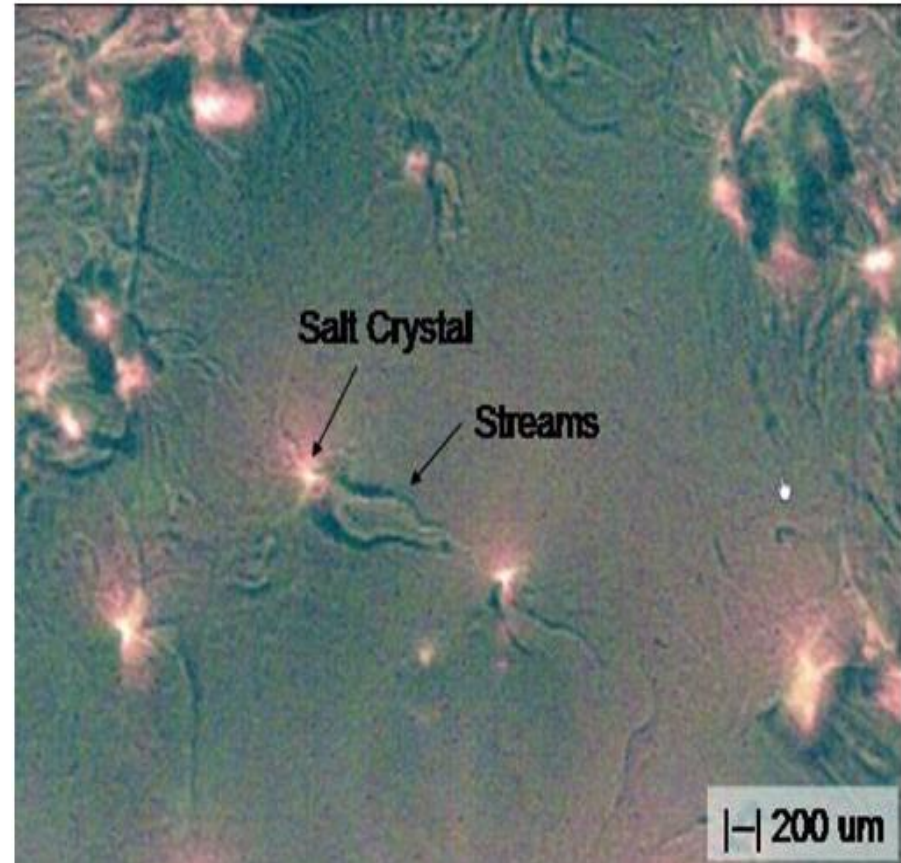
GROUP	SIZE RANGE	EXAMPLE
=====	=====	=====
Megaplankton	> 20 cm	jellyfish
Macroplankton	2→20 cm	krill
Mesoplankton	0.2→20 mm	copepods
Microplankton	20→200 μm	protozoa, rotifer
Nanoplankton	2→20 μm	small diatoms
Picoplankton	0.2→2 μm	bacteria
Femtoplankton	< 0.2 μm	marine viruses

Lensless Microscope 20 um to 2 mm (white LED) , down to 2 um (LASER)

The Experiment (2007)



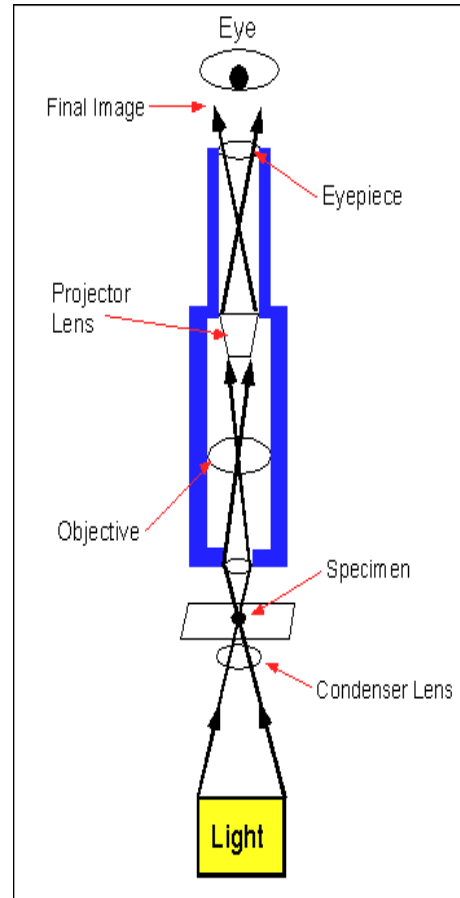
Web Camera (no lens)



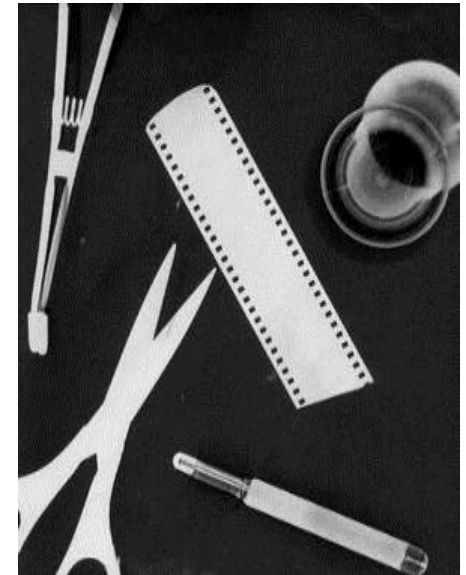
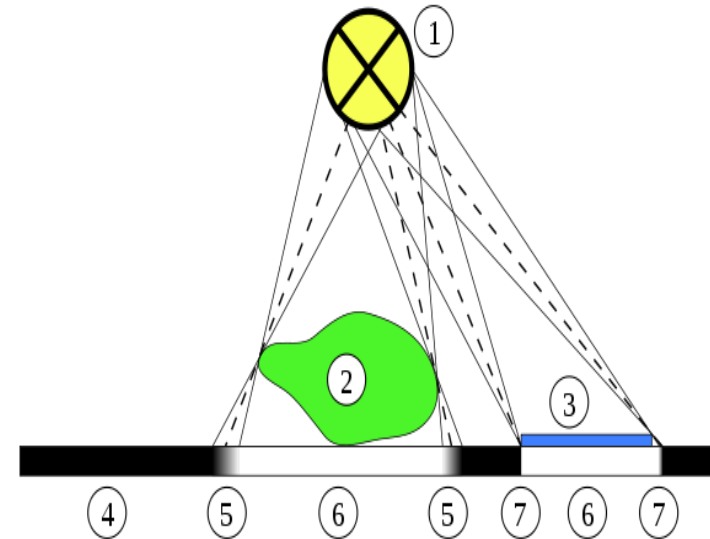
Conventional Microscope

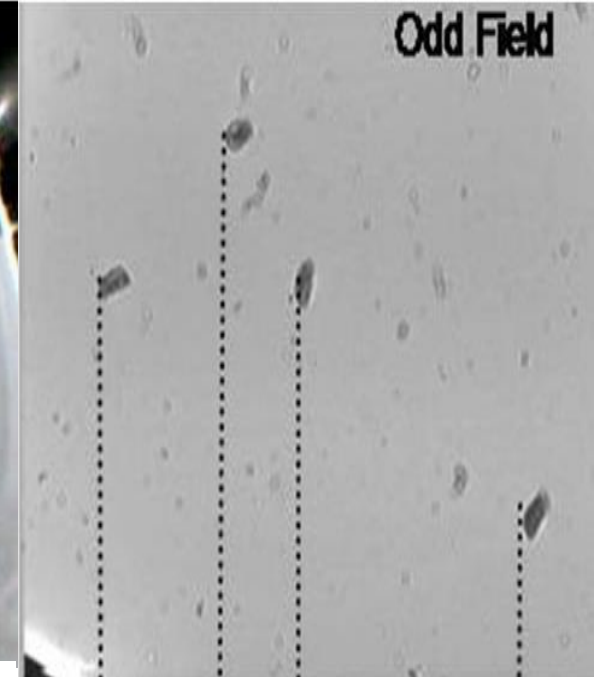
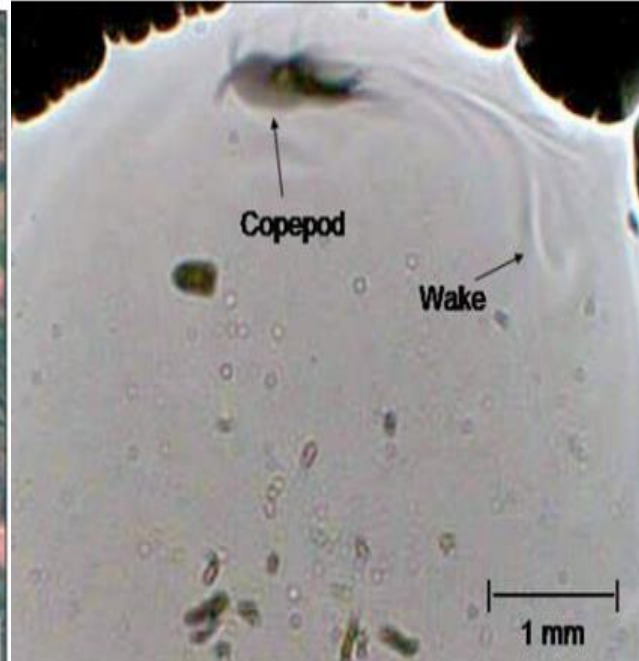
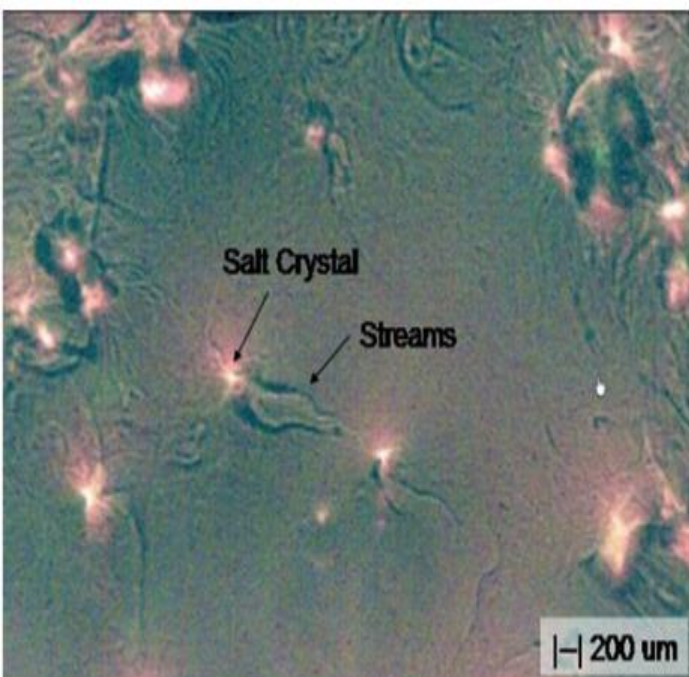


Microscope Optical Path

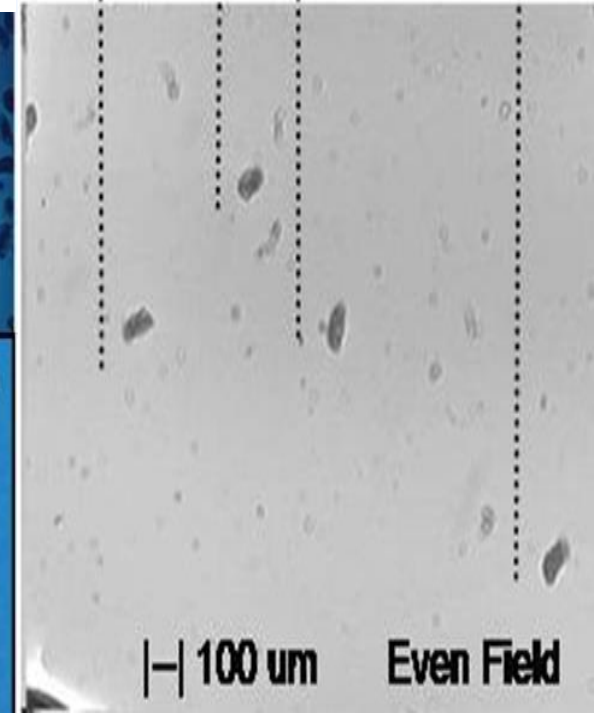
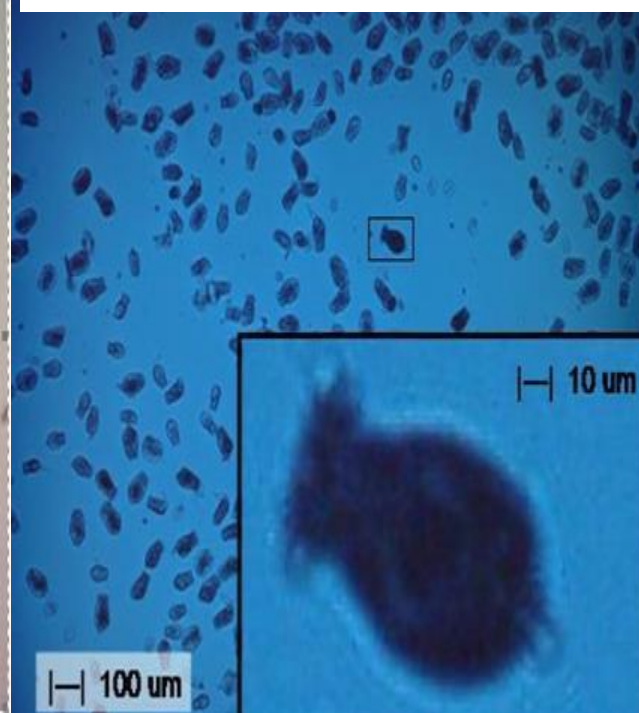
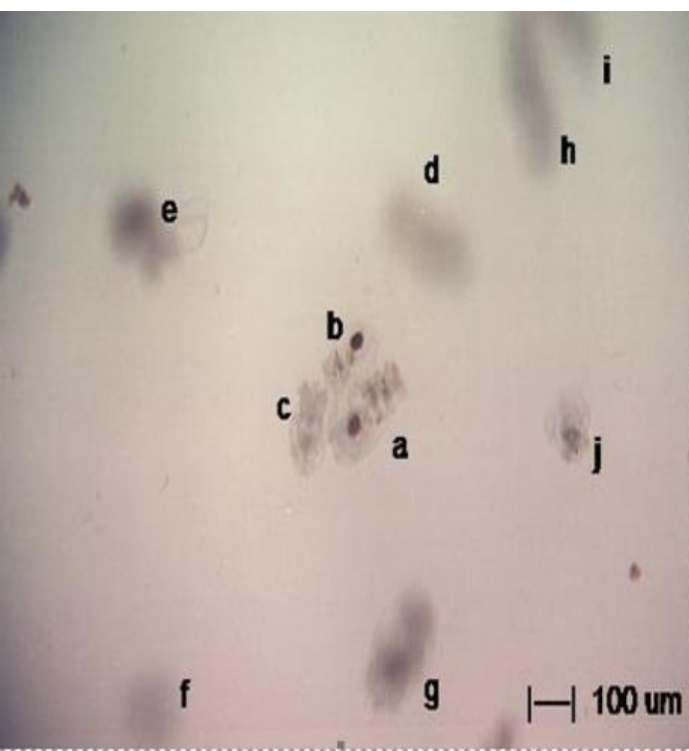


Photogram “contact sheet”

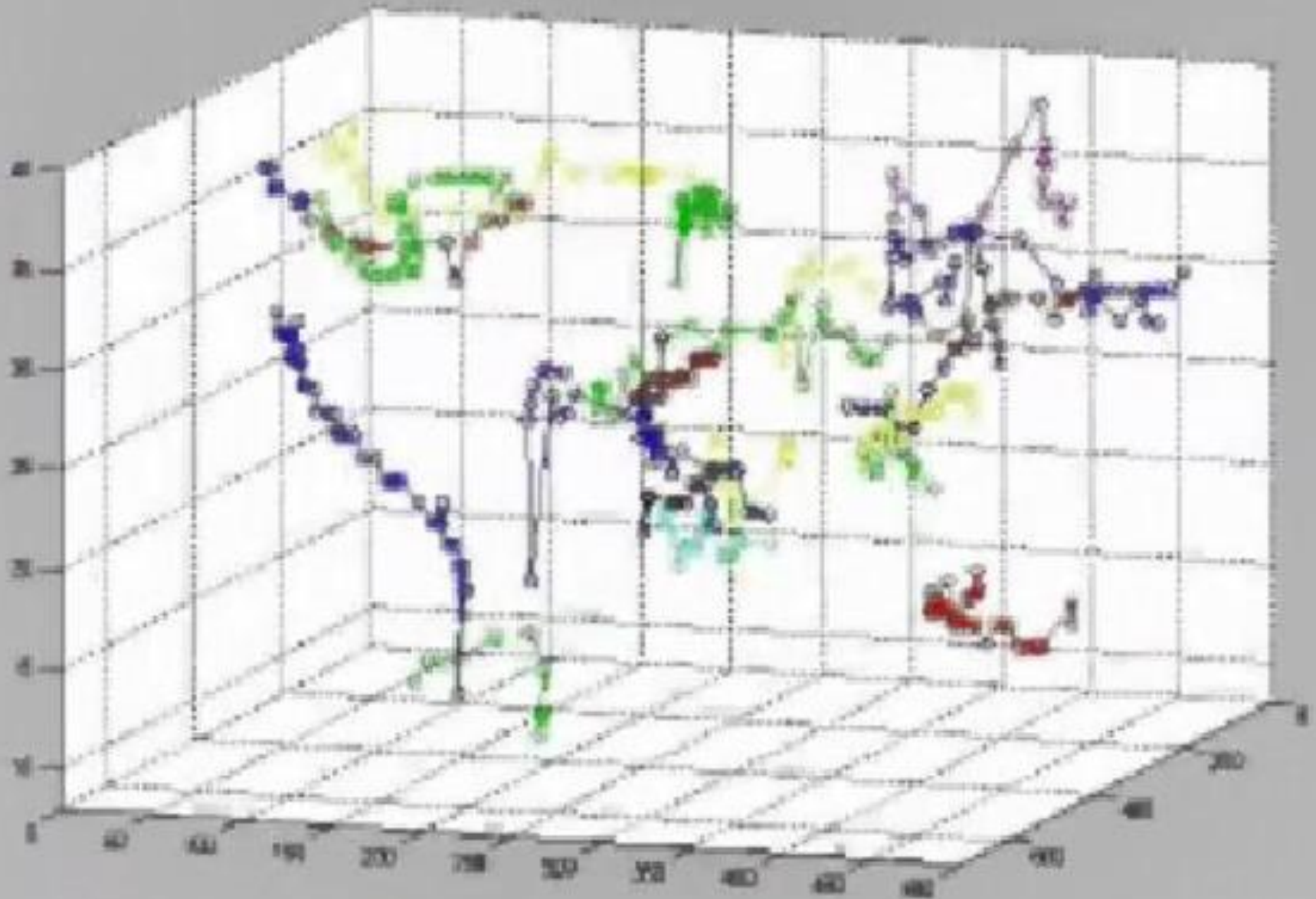




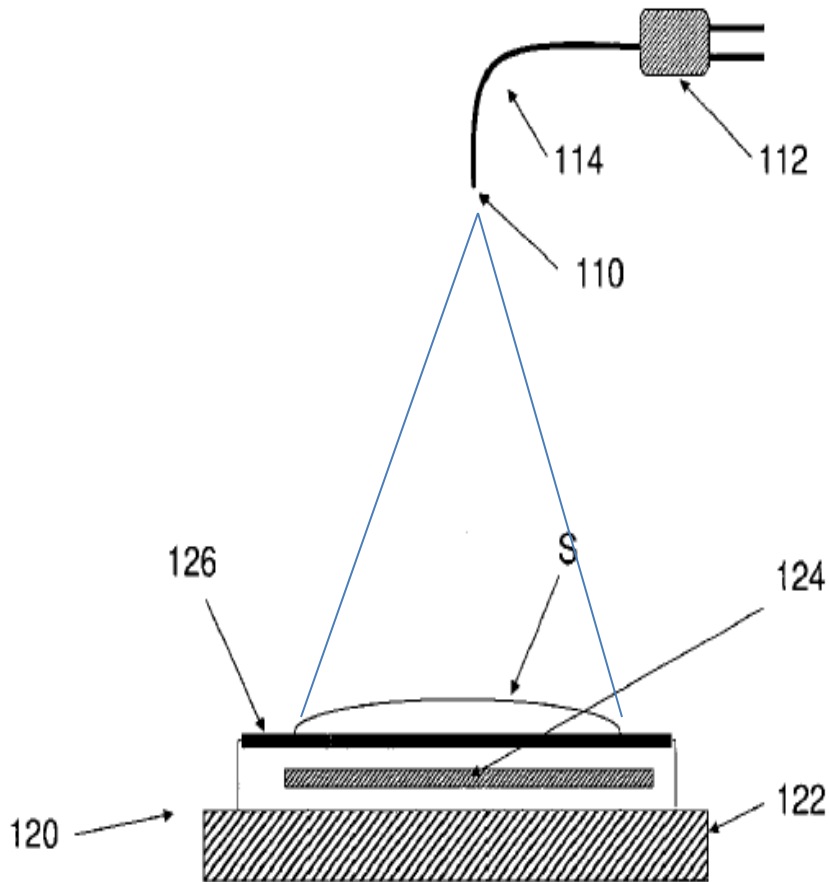
Microzooplankton, 20-200 μ m



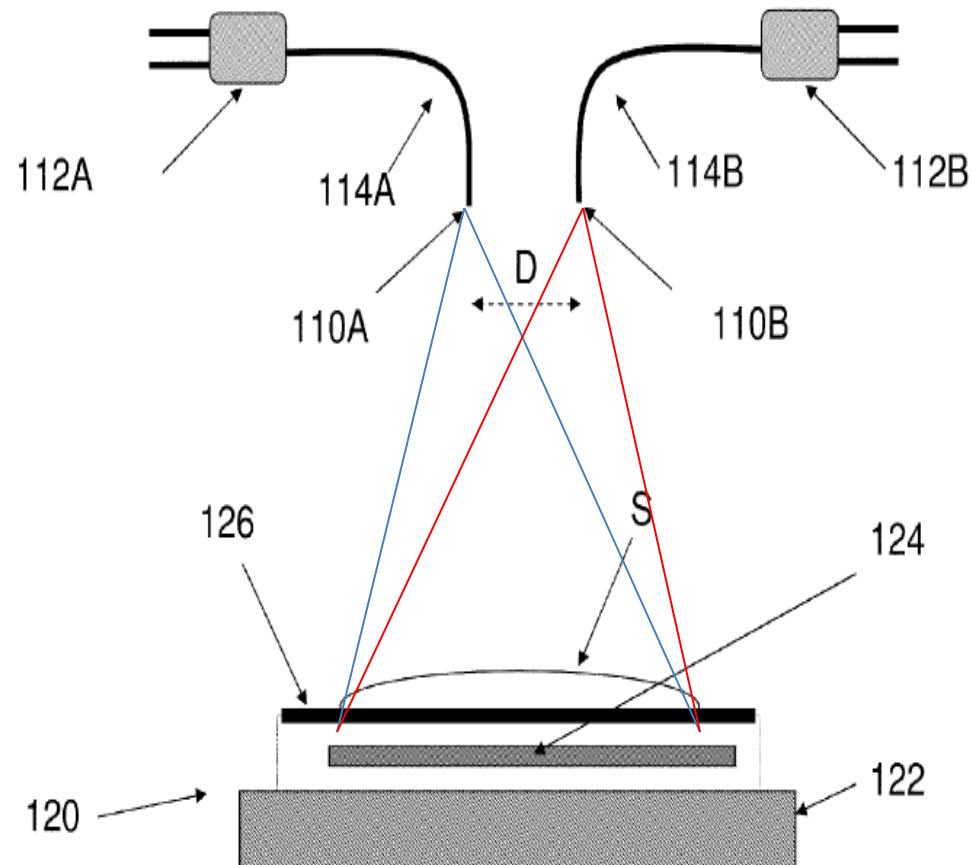
3D movement of 22 Rotifer in 5 mm of water, 30 frames in 1 second



Mono Shadow Microscope



Stereo Shadow Microscope



Inventors: Barton A. Smith & Thomas G. Zimmerman, Priority date April 20, 2007

Patent No.: US 7,936,501 B2
Date of Patent: *May 3, 2011

Patent No.: US 8,027,083 B2
Date of Patent: *Sep. 27, 2011

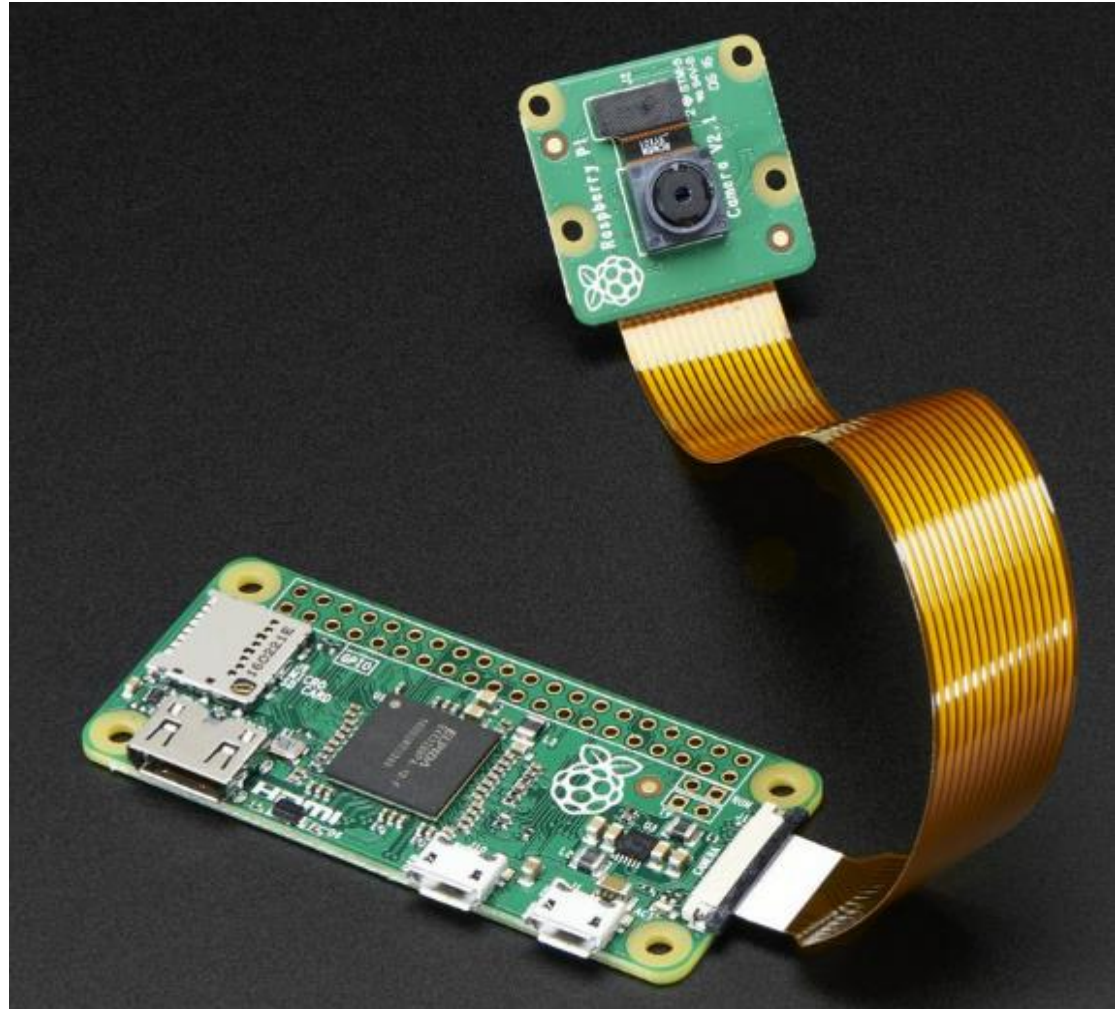
Patent No.: US 8,446,667 B2
Date of Patent: May 21, 2013

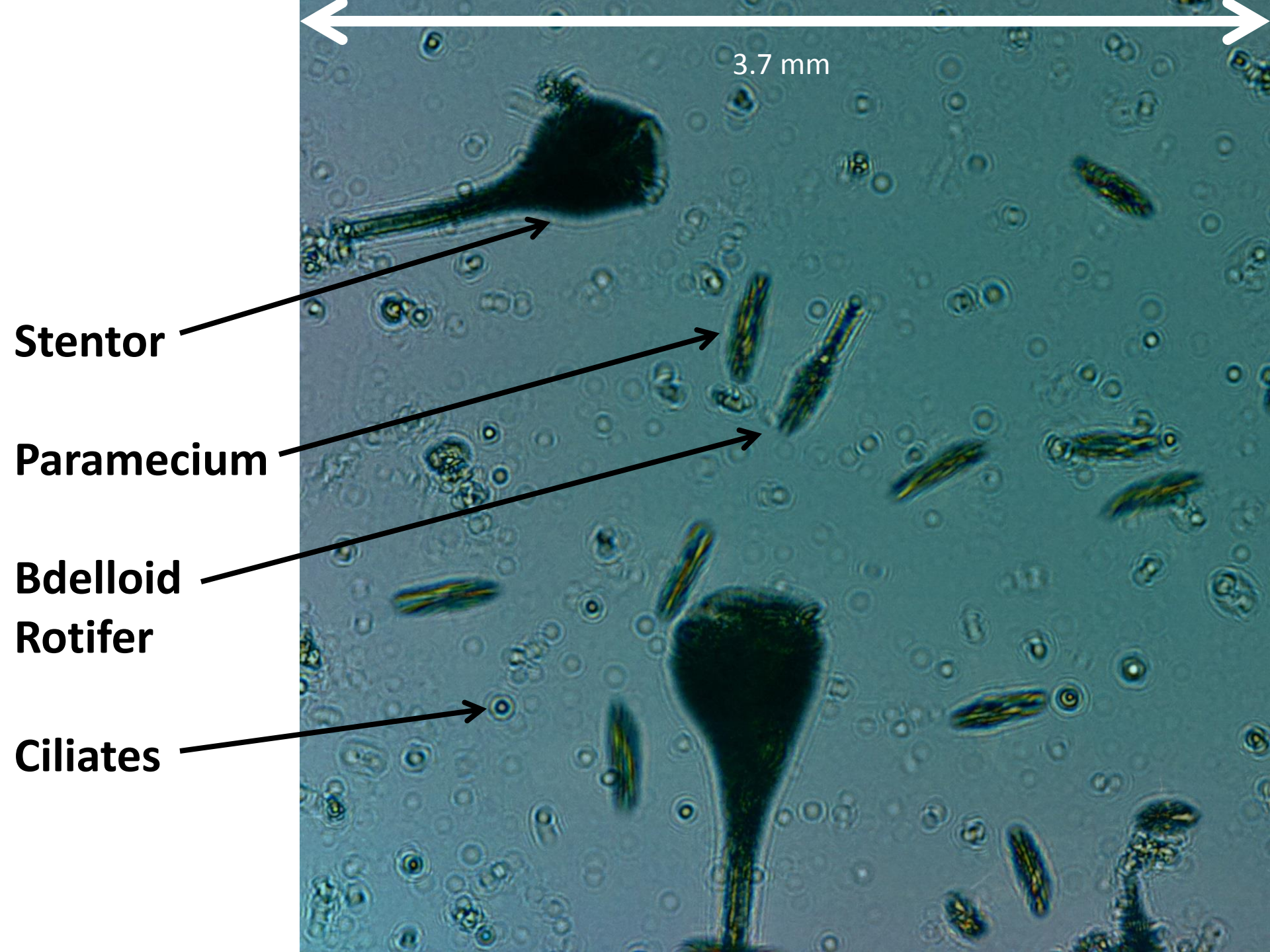
Digital Stereo Microscope

Raspberry Pi ZeroW \$10
(4 core ARM \$40)
Image Sensor \$8

ARM Processor
Linux OS, Python,
OpenCV
HDMI Output

5 Mpix Image Sensor
1080p Video
3.7 mm x 2.7 mm





3.7 mm

Stentor

Paramecium

**Bdelloid
Rotifer**

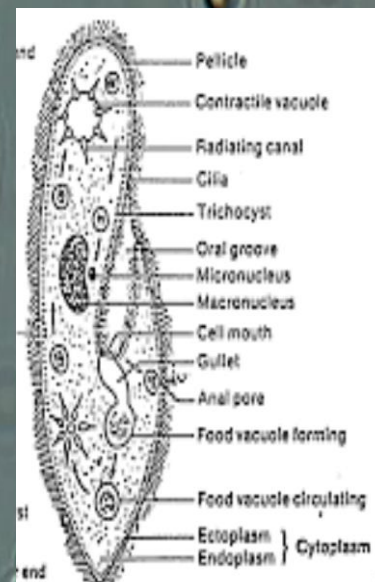
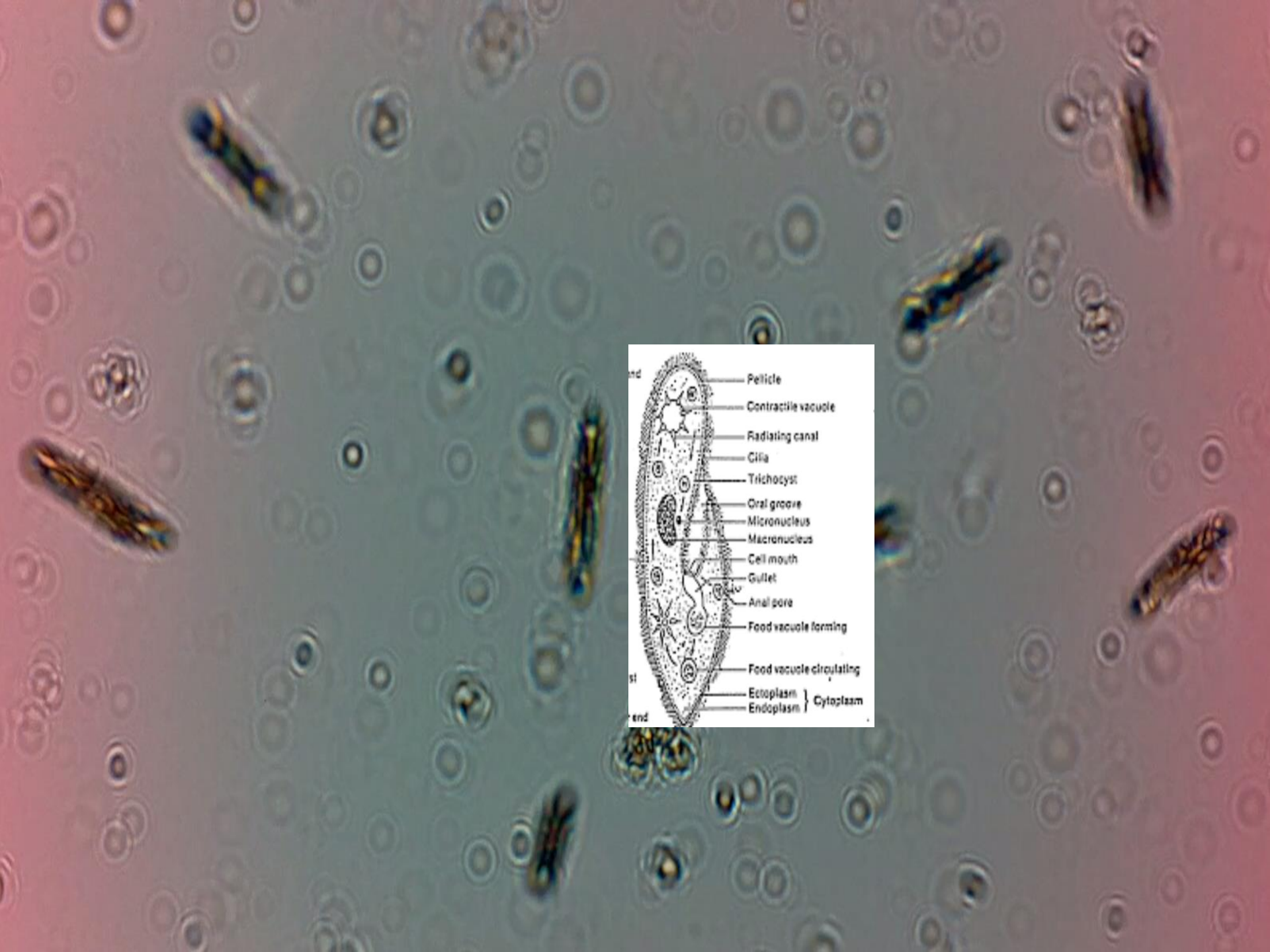
Ciliates

TED Ideas worth spreading

The wonderful world of life in a drop of water



TOM ZIMMERMAN + SIMONE BIANCO



In Line Holographic Microscope

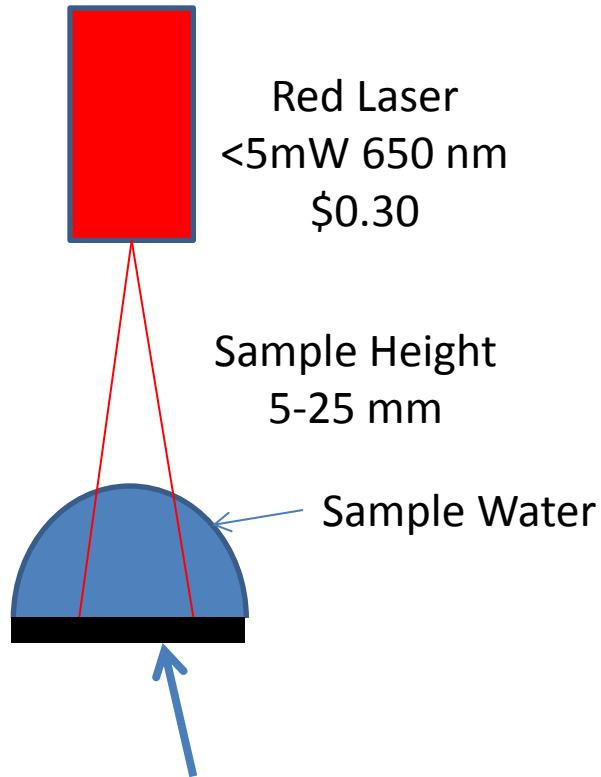
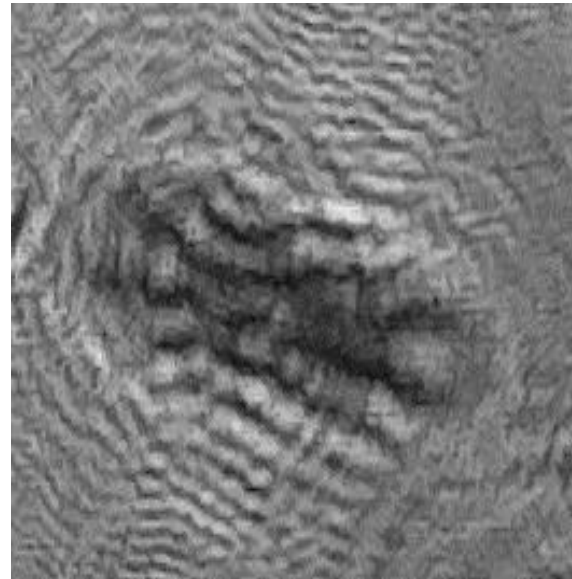


Image Sensor
OmniVision OV5647
Resolution: 2592×1944 pixels (5 Mpix)
Image Sensing Area: 3.76×2.74 mm
Pixel Size: $1.4 \mu\text{m} \times 1.4 \mu\text{m}$

Original Hologram



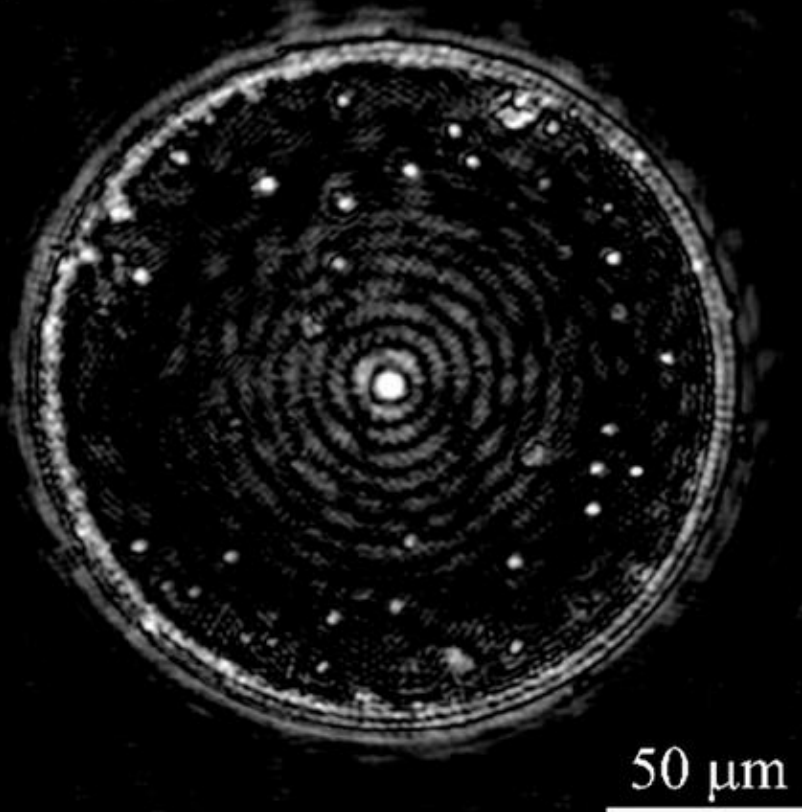
← 376 μm →

Reconstructed Image
Z=1.4 mm



Paramecium

A



B

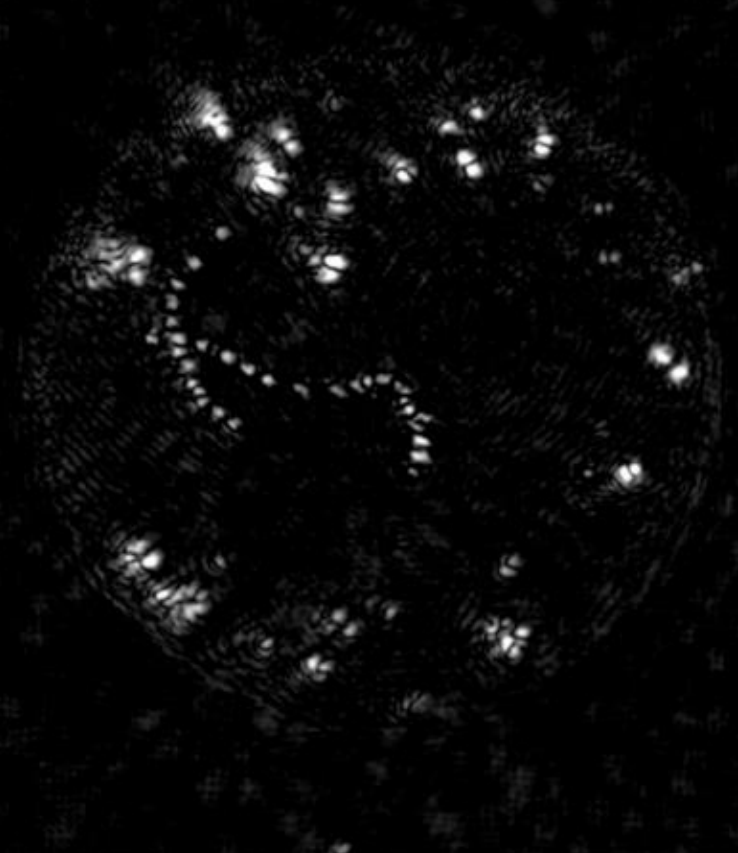
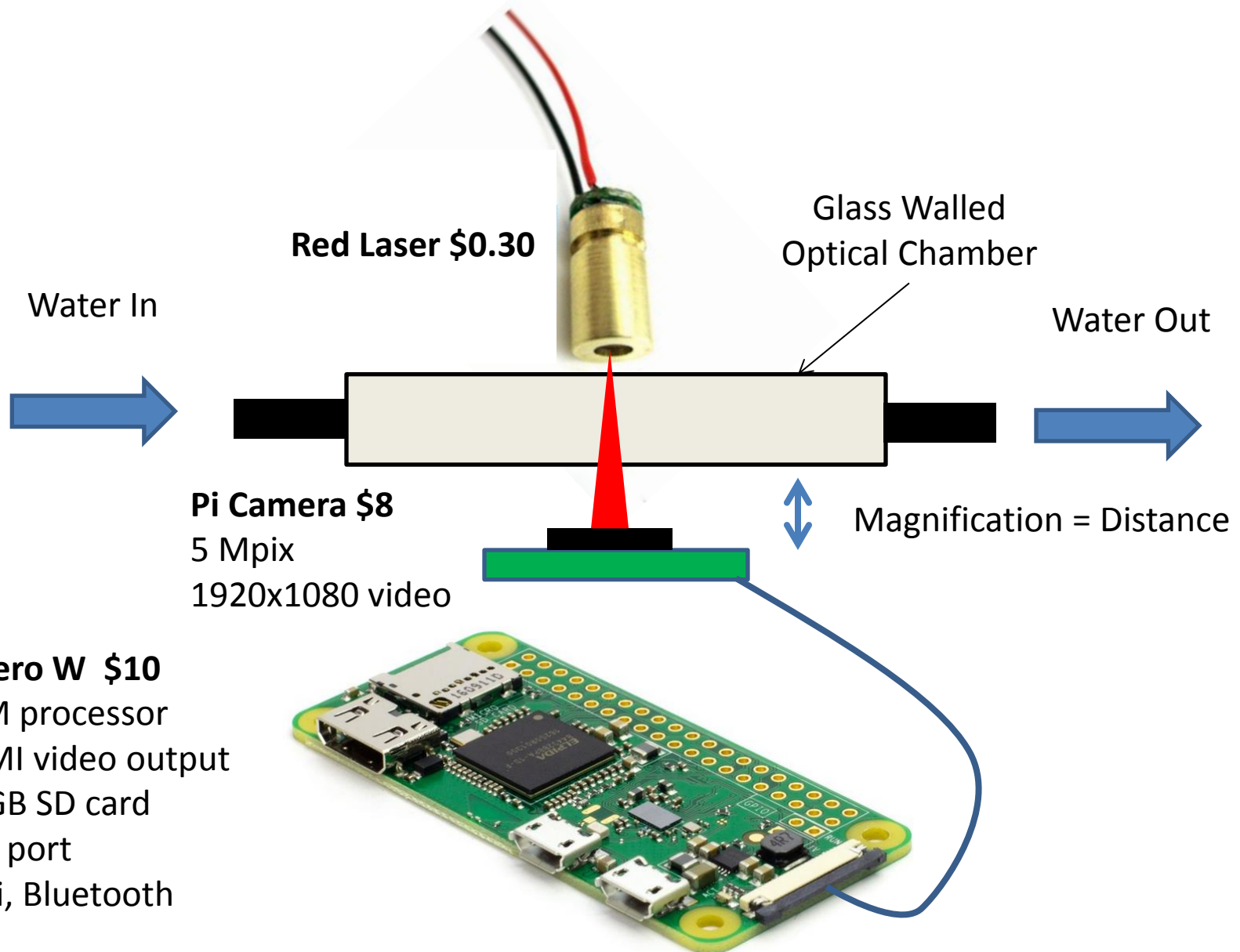
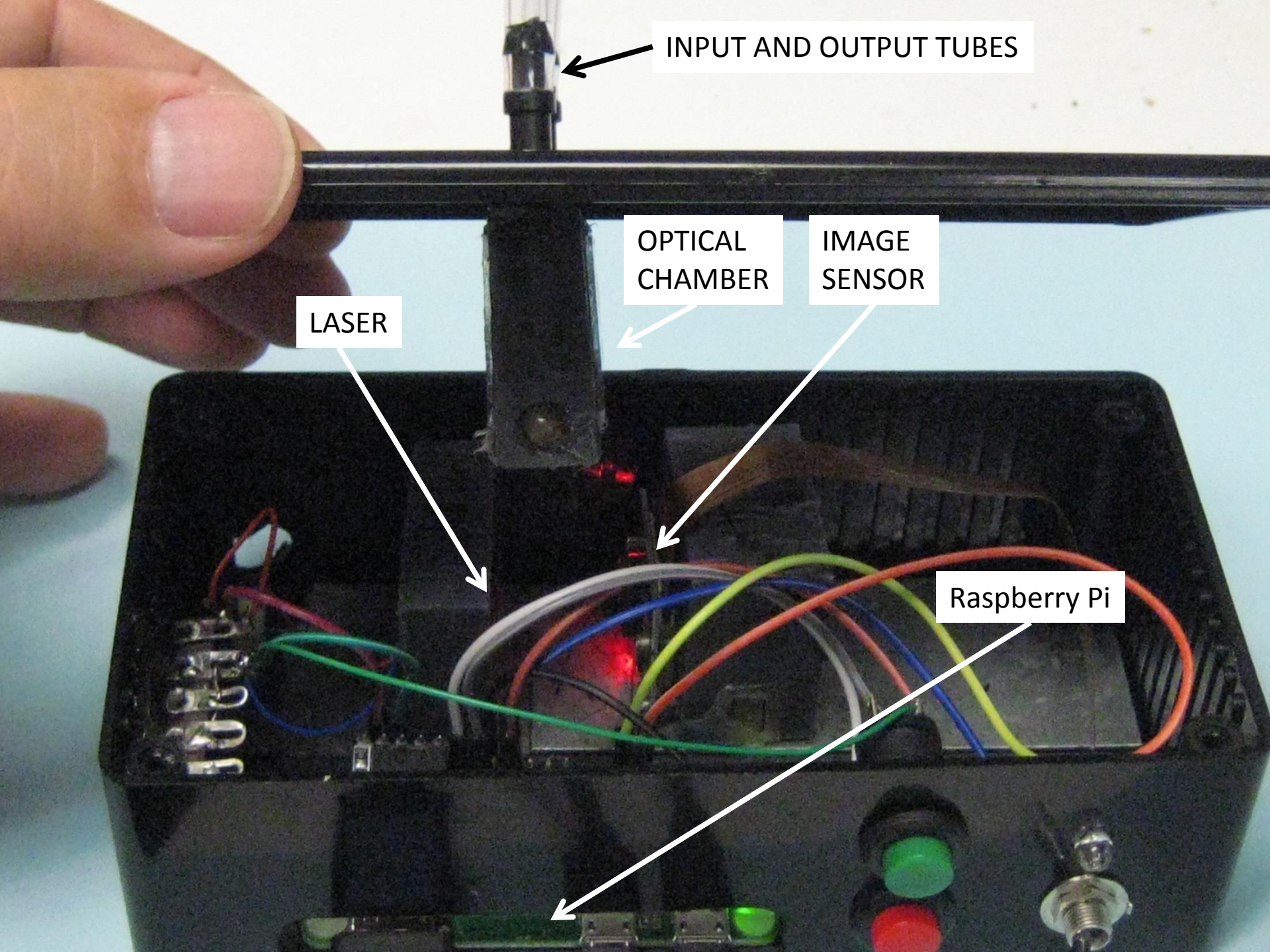


Fig. 12. Bacteria in a diatom (*Coscinodiscus wailesii*). A, Reconstruction from one hologram showing the siliceous outer shell with labiate processes (bright spots); B, reconstruction of bacterial trajectories from a difference hologram composed of a time series of 20 holograms taken 1.3 s apart. Green laser; 0.5 μm pinhole; pinhole to sample (diatom), 1 mm; numerical aperture, 0.22.

Direct In-Line Holographic Microscope





INPUT AND OUTPUT TUBES

OPTICAL
CHAMBER

IMAGE
SENSOR

LASER

Raspberry Pi

Image Processing to Track and Classify Plankton

Disturbance

Healthy

Behaviour

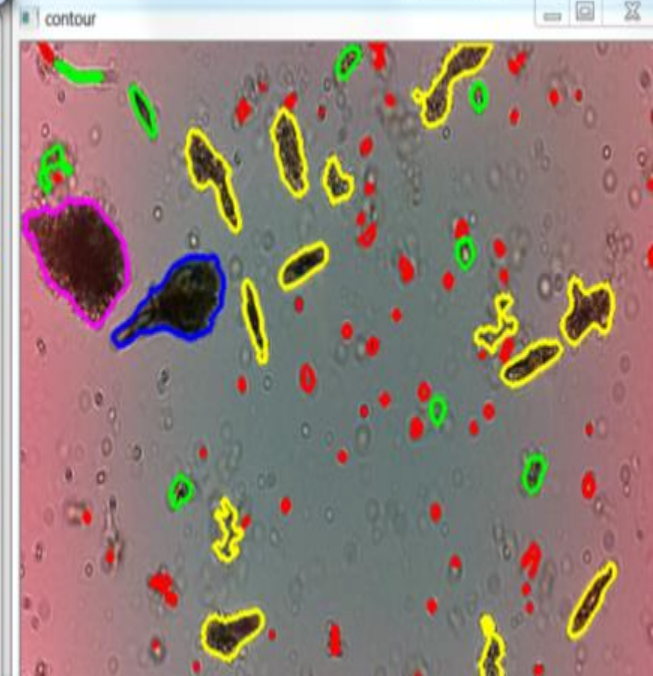
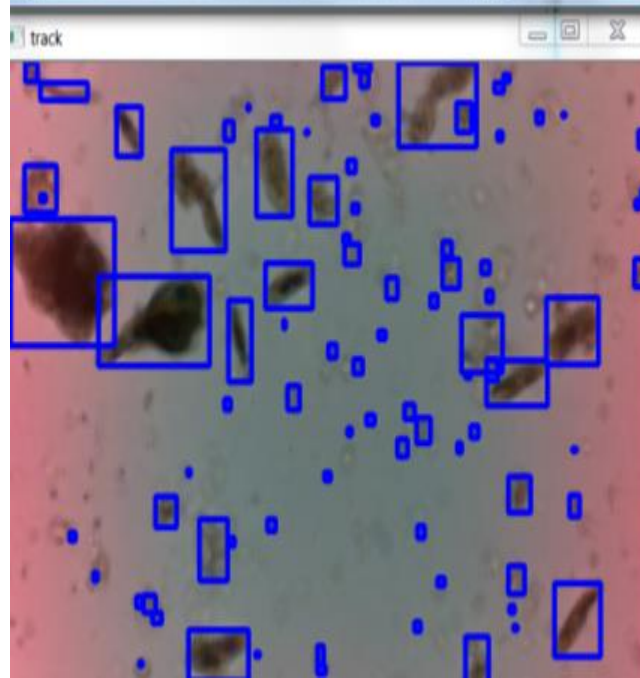
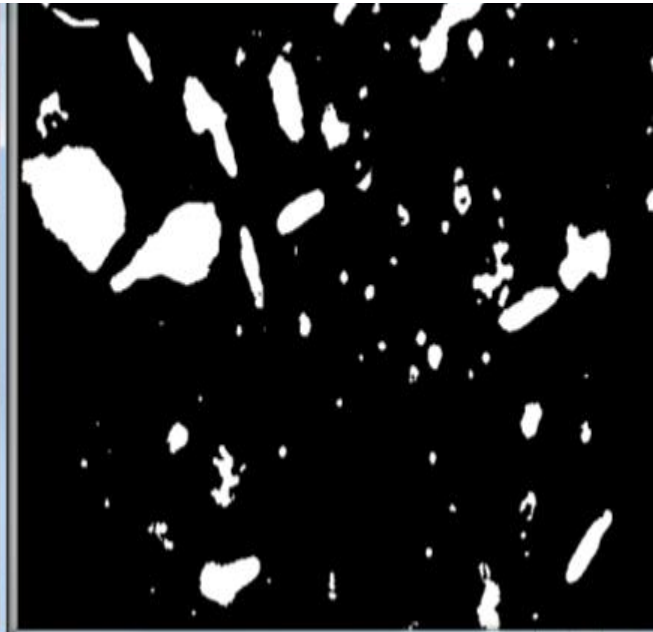
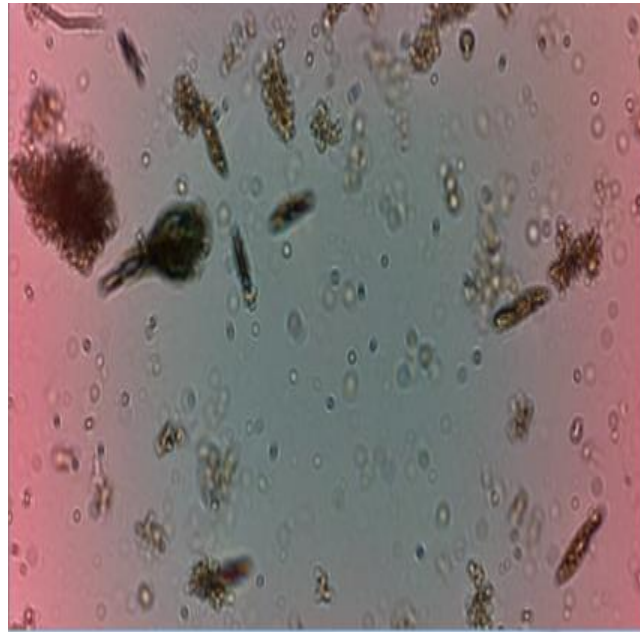
Species

Features

ID

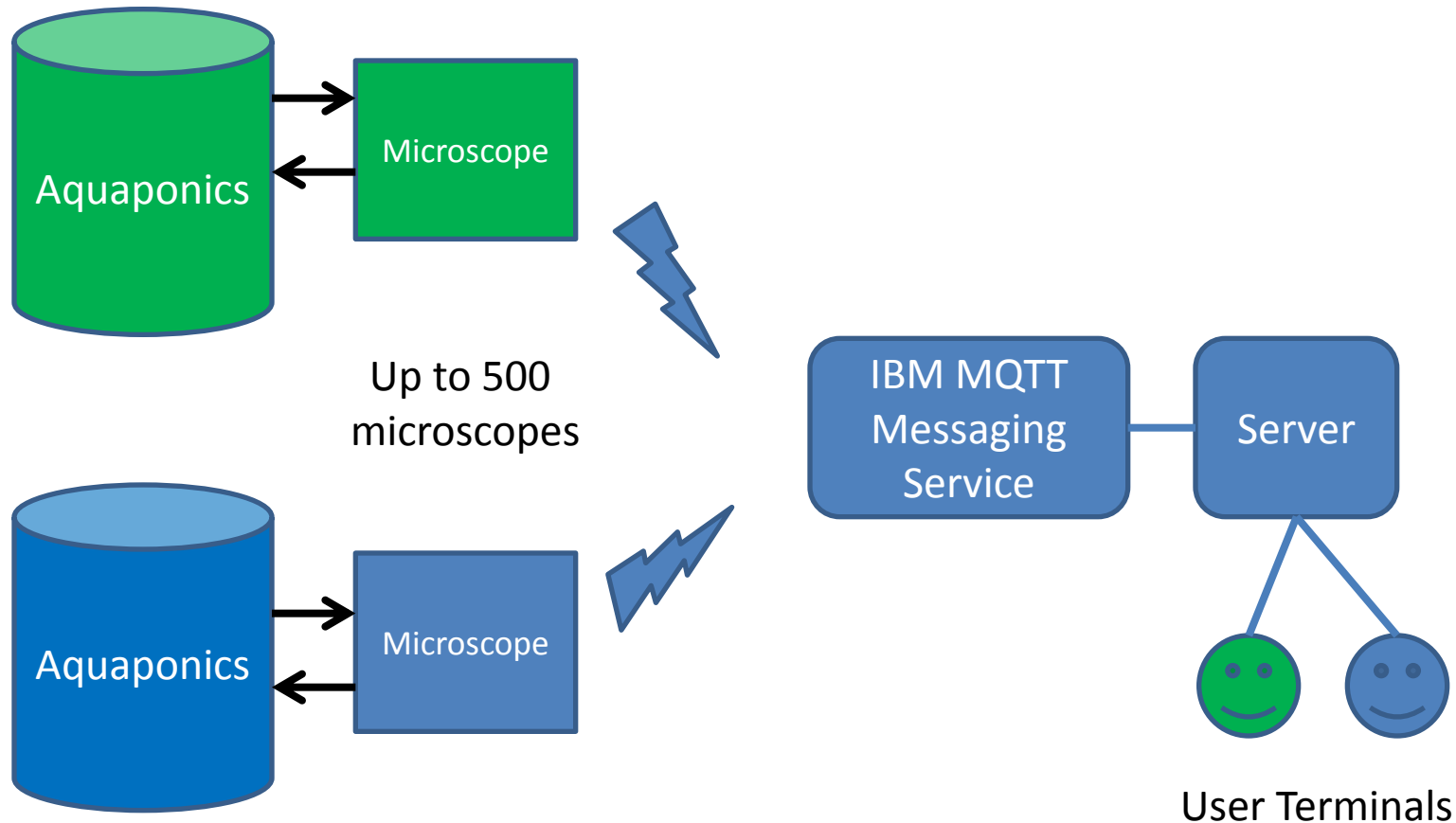
Track

Detect



MQTT Networked IoT Microscope

Saves histogram of plankton size distribution and representative images from each histogram bin.



Links To Videos

Home Page: researcher.ibm.com/researcher/view.php?person=us-tzim

Build a lenless microscope from a web camera www.youtube.com/watch?v=xm750WtIFN0

TED Talk: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VxE_itllxE

5in5 Talk: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vg92XGT0VhQ>

Plankton Movie: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ynyjBlVWYWg>

Cellular Engineering Lab: <https://www.facebook.com/IBM/videos/1686577738099168/>